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APPLICATION N	10.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/113,747		07/10/1998	ANDREA BASSO	1-3-66-7	8396	
26652	7590	06/14/2006		EXAMINER		
AT&T CORP.				BUI, KIEU OANH T		
ROOM 2A207 ONE AT&T WAY				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	ISTER, NJ	07921		2623		
				DATE MAILED: 06/14/200	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/113,747	BASSO ET AL.		
Examin r	Art Unit		
KIEU-OANH T. BUI	2623		

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 13 May 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notic of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of

- this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:
  - a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
  - b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

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2. 🗌	The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).
<u>AME</u>	<u>NDMENTS</u>
3. 🗌	The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
	(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
	(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.  NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).
4. 🗌	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. 🗌	
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7. 🔲	For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) $\square$ will not be entered, or b) $\square$ will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.  The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:
	Claim(s) allowed:
	Claim(s) objected to:
	Claim(s) rejected:
	Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:
	DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE
8. 🗌	The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).
9. 🔲	The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

12. Note the attached Information Disclosur Statement(s), (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

Krista Bui Primary Examiner Art Unit: 2623

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

See Continuation Sheet.

13. 🔲 Other: \_\_\_

10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

11. \times The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

In response to applicant's argument that there is no sugg stion to combine the r ferences, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention wher there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (F d. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, as noted from the examiner, the three criteria are met as follows.

First (first criteria), both references are for network-based environment with clients and server communication (Goetz, Fig. 9 and Vrvilo, col. 42/lines 47-65 for the host processor within the host system and the APPLICATION PROGRAM as the client and using the local monitor for displaying to users). The conference system (as argued by the applicants) is simply a network based system for data streams communications and multimedia applications/services but in a narrow scale of a particular application, i.e., conferencing for a plurality of clients/users within the system; in other words, the clients and the server still communicate to each other in addition to the exchange of information among clients/users; and Fig. 1 shows more than one conferencing system connected to each other as a computer network based for interchanging data and information.

Appicants argue and strongly focus in the AF arguments that Vrvilo's system is peer-to-peer conferencing system and do not admit that their system is actually a server/client based system in an attempt to destroy the basis foundation for the combination of both references; and the examiner would like to further clarify that in the previous final action, for the sake of the simplicity and the easiness to understand the matters, the examiner previously quotes that the local monitor as the client for the (assumed) understanding that the local work station comprising the monitor itself as the client of the computer host processor. In order to further clarify this issue, the client is eventually the application program; and please take a closer look at column 69, lines 5-38, as Vrvilo clearly states that the application program is considered as the client for the system, and client data are defined by the logical channels. Therefore, the foundation of the examiner's analysis was proper and valid; and the rests are stand valid based on this supportive matter.

Secondly (second criteria), there is a reasonable expectation of success because both references are aiming to achieve the quality of presentation/display at the client/user terminal (i.e., Goetz, col. 4/lines 33-54 and Vrvilo, col. 42/lines 39-65). Both are aiming for the common goal to achieve high quality display/resolution at the client/user terminal.

Finally (third criteria), the prior art of Goetz and Vrvilo teaches or suggests all of the claim limitations as disclosed in details in the office action above.

Therefore, the examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicants' arguments on the combination issue of Goetz and Vrvilo and stands with the rejection on all grounds as previously disclosed and now discussed in this final office action, not limited to the cited paragraphs quoted above by the examiner but also to the entire disclosure and teaching of Goetz and Vrvilo references.

KIEU-OANH BUI PRIMARY EXAMINER

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